

COMMUNITY EMPOWERMENT FOR PHYSICAL DISABILITIES THROUGH THE INDEPENDENT GROWING FARMERS GROUP (TUMAN) DPC-PPDI CIMAHI CITY

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Abstract

Study This entitled " Community Empowerment for People with Disabilities " Disability Through Growing Farmers Group Independent (TUMAN) DPC-PPDI Cimahi City "and aims to For explain how is the empowerment process public for sufferer disabilities who want to develop potential they in field agriculture . One of the efforts made is with join in Growing Farmers Group Mandiri (TUMAN), which was formed directly by the Board of Directors of the Cimahi City Branch of the Indonesian Disabled Association. In the research this , is used method qualitative with approach studies case For dig information more deep regarding the empowerment process said . The selection informant done with use purposive sampling technique , where informants are selected is those who have involvement direct in group "TUMAN" farming . As for the technique data collection was carried out through observation , interviews , and studies documentation obtained from results observation directly in the group farmer . Research results show that empowerment public in context This Empowerment public in study This aiming For increase independence sufferer disability , so that they can fulfil need base in a way independent without must always depend on others. Through involvement in Growing Farmers Group Independent (TUMAN), the people with disabilities disability given chance For develop skills in the field agriculture , such as technique match planting , management land, as well as marketing results agriculture existence skills this, they No only to obtain income yourself, but also build a sense of trust self and awareness will potential that is owned . In addition, empowerment This also provides access to various source Power productive so that they can follow participate in development social as well as involved in the process of taking decision. With existence empowerment this , the bearer disability can to obtain skills in field agriculture , improving level live , and expand chance more economy Good.

Keywords: *Agriculture , Community Empowerment, People with Disabilities.*

1. Introduction

The empowerment of individuals with physical disabilities is a crucial effort to enhance their independence and well-being. One approach to achieving this is through the agricultural sector, as exemplified by the Kelompok Tani Mandiri (TUMAN) in Cimahi. This group provides opportunities for individuals with physical disabilities to engage in sustainable farming activities,

enabling them to acquire skills, increase their income, and reduce their reliance on social assistance. This study focuses on the role of TUMAN in empowering individuals with physical disabilities and its impact on their well-being. People with disabilities are people who experience physical, sensory, intellectual, or psychosocial disorders that can affect the person's ability to carry out their daily activities (Kurniadi, Y U., 2020).

Disability can nature temporary or permanent , light or weight , and can happened to whom only , without look at age. In Indonesia, protection to sufferer disability set up in Constitution Number 8 of 2016 concerning The bearer Disability, which guarantees equality rights and opportunities in various aspect life , including education , employment , health , and participation social . Law this is also in line with principle Convention Union Nations on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities Disabilities (UNCRPD) which has ratified by Indonesia in 2011 (Utami, 2019).

Based on Constitution Number 8 of 2016, holders of disability categorized to in a number of type based on disturbances and limitations functional (Didan Akbar Zaelani & Ade Yunita Mafruhah, 2022) . Law This confess six type disability main , namely disability physical , disability intellectual, mental disability , disability sensory, disability double , and disability others. Every type disability own different challenges and require support specifically to be able to participate full in life socialize (Andayani & Afandi, 2019) .

First type is disability physical, namely limitations that affect ability motion someone. For example including paralysis, amputation member body, dystrophy muscle, cerebral palsy, and other disorders that affect mobility. People with disability physique often need tool help like chair wheels, crutches, or legs and arms fake. In addition, accessibility in form road ramps, lifts and vehicles friendly general disability is very important For support mobility they.

Second type is disability intellectual, which is characterized with limitations in function cognitive and adaptive a person. The person in charge disability This Possible experience difficulty in learn , think , communicate , and finish problem . For example is Down syndrome , disorder spectrum autism with limitations intellectual , as well as disturbance development others . Educational programs special, therap, and systems structured support is essential for them can undergo an independent and productive life.

third type is mental disability, namely disturbances that affect condition emotional and psychological someone. For example including schizophrenia, bipolar disorder,

depression weight , and disturbance anxiety. Sufferers mentally disabled people often face challenge in socialize , concentrate , and carry out activity daily . Therefore that , access to service mental health , therapy , and treatment become very important For support welfare they .

Fourth type is disability sensory, which includes disturbance of the senses vision or hearing. Disability vision covering total blindness or some , while disability hearing covers disturbance light until totally deaf . The person with disability vision often use Braille , reader screen , or dog guide , while sufferer disability hearing depend on Language signal , tool help listen , or implant cochlea . Technology adaptive and method inclusive communication is essential in support they .Fifth type is disability double , namely combination of two or more type disability . For example is someone who experiences disturbance vision at a time limitations physical . Persons with disability double need more support complex and often requires service from various power professional , such as doctors , therapists , and companions social .

Lastly , disability other refers to a condition that is not including in category main but still impact on life daily a person . For example , a disease chronic , disorder neurological , as well as condition rare consequence abnormality genetics . Law ensure that sufferer disability in category this also gets appropriate protection and accessibility with his needs .

Indonesian government has take various step For support rights and welfare sufferer disability . Law Number 8 of 2016 requires government for ensure accessibility, opportunity equal work, education inclusive, as well as protection social for sufferer disabilities. The public and private sectors are also encouraged For apply friendly policy disabilities , such as quota power work , technology supporters , as well as repair infrastructure (Syobah, 2018) . According to the United Nations (UN), 80% of people with disabilities live below the poverty line, most of whom live in rural areas where accessibility is limited. According to the Coordinating Ministry for Human Development and Culture (Kemenko PMK), the number of people with disabilities in

Indonesia has reached 22.97 million people or around 8.5% (eighty-five percent) (Handini, 2019).

Human Rights apply to all people in the world, as well as people with disabilities have equal rights with others (Rahmanto, 2019). Thus, every human being has another obligation to respect the rights of people with disabilities. The rights of people with disabilities include the right to receive fair treatment, the right to obtain accessibility, the right to obtain health services, the right to education, and the right to obtain employment and protection in the workplace (Hikmawati, 2011). These rights are regulated in Law No. 8 of 2016 which also contains about people with disabilities and states that (1) The Government, Regional Government, State-Owned Enterprises, Regional-Owned Enterprises are required to employ at least 2% (two percent) people with disabilities from the total number of employees or workers; (2) Private companies are required to employ at least 1% (one percent) people with disabilities from the total number of employees or workers. The welfare and prosperity of people with disabilities are still underdeveloped without the government, on the other hand the government has not yet maximized in providing the services needed by people with disabilities.

People with disabilities work not only to meet their needs, but they also work to develop their skills (Allo Taruk, 2020). Employment for people with disabilities is still relatively low, employment for people with disabilities is an opportunity to train their skills. However, the physical limitations of a person with disabilities become an obstacle in its implementation, accessibility constraints are also an obstacle in getting a job, even though good accessibility for people with disabilities can provide opportunities for people with disabilities to actively participate in development. Decent work for people with disabilities is a form of government concern in realizing the implementation of human rights (Sudrajat, 2011). Constitutional rights for people with disabilities really need attention, the goal is to provide sensitivity to individuals and society so that they are more active in developing the dignity of people with disabilities. The government and society need to ensure and help prevent problems in employing people with disabilities.

The psychosocial impact on people with disabilities can affect the minimal participation of people with disabilities in getting their jobs, in Widinarsih (2019), there is a bad stigma, pessimism, always feeling anxious and sad, considering themselves useless to others, and always feeling like they have a different world from other people. Widinarsih (2019) stated that people with disabilities really need efforts to eradicate discriminatory behavior for people with disabilities.

The factors that encourage people with disabilities to work are the opportunity to earn income and be financially independent. This opportunity to work can help increase financial independence and improve the quality of life for individuals with disabilities (Gorga & Rasji, 2023). Research conducted by Purinami et al (2019) namely people with disabilities in the world of work, there is an explanation that most people with disabilities choose work in the business sector, this is similar to the research conducted, namely people with disabilities in increasing financial independence and improving their quality of life through empowerment activities, these people with disabilities choose to play a role in the agricultural sector by joining the Tumbuh Mandiri Farmers Group (Tuman). The Tumbuh Mandiri Farmers Group or which has the abbreviation "Tuman" is a business unit formed by the Indonesian Disability Association (PPDI) of Cimahi City. The Tumbuh Mandiri Farmers Group was formed to empower people with disabilities who are interested in learning more about agriculture. Those who are members of this Community are people with physical disabilities (physical disabilities), deaf (hearing disorders), and mentally retarded (intellectual disabilities). This community has 16 members, but unfortunately, currently only 4 to 5 people are active. Passive members are caused by the distance from home to the farmland which is quite far, in addition, there are those who suffer from other diseases so that they are unable to attend heavy activities, this makes the mobility of people with disabilities hampered in doing the work they are engaged in, namely as farmers.

Empowerment comes from the word "daya" which means "strength" and is a

translation of the English word "empowerment" (Alfiansyah, 2023). The concept of empowerment means providing power or strength to groups that are weak and do not yet have the power or strength to live independently, especially in meeting basic needs or basic daily needs, such as food, clothing, housing, education and health (Habib, 2021). According to Plangiten 2019, empowerment is an effort to develop community independence and welfare by increasing knowledge, attitudes, skills, behavior, abilities, awareness, and utilizing resources through establishing policies, programs, activities, and assistance that are in accordance with the essence of the problem and the priority needs of the village community (Hilmi Musthafa et al., 2023). Empowerment carried out on farmers sufferer disability Growing Farmers Group Independent This aiming For develop independence and well-being for farmers sufferer disabilities (Andyani & Soetjningsih, 2021).

In general conceptual empowerment public can defined as a action social from resident A community that organizes self in make planning and action collective, for solve problem social or fulfil need social in accordance with capabilities and resources power possessed (Sumodiningrat, 2009), in Habib (2021). Solidarity groups are also important For support success activity empowerment, and things This naturally supported by activeness administrators, the existence of a driving force, the existence of elders and the existence of openness information as well as motivation from member For to organize activity empowerment.

Inhibitors / problems in activity empowerment public from aspect organization activity empowerment among them is lack of participation and openness to group. Condition lack of participation public especially in disadvantaged groups succeed related with motivation and care public For involved in planning, implementation, supervision to activity relatively less empowerment (Media, 2022). Empowerment carried out Of course can make event For increase skills farmer sufferer disabilities, and provide motivation to be able to independent in fulfil need everyday. even though in its implementation

there is factor inhibitor and also factor Supporter (Lestari & Wirdanengsih, 2020). Many empowerment sectors in Indonesia provide employment opportunities for people with disabilities. The Central Statistics Agency revealed that the largest number of disabled workers was in the agricultural sector in 2021 at 43.11%, followed by services at 39.96%, and the smallest distribution was in industry at 16.93%. The majority of disabled workers in Indonesia are entrepreneurs. In 2022, the proportion of disabled workers with self-employed status reached 0.81%.

Study previous furthermore done by Geminastiti Purinami et al (2018) entitled "Persons Disability in the World of Work" which discusses sufferer disability in the world of work which is often get discrimination in the environment work, then in study This need existence adjustment self, also improvement capacity sufferer disability in do his work. This is in line with research on the empowerment of farmers with disabilities which can possibly lead to discrimination in the agricultural sector. Suharto (2014: 58-59) to put forward that in a way conceptual empowerment or empowerment comes from from the word 'power' or empowerment). Hence the main idea empowerment touch with draft about power. Empowerment refers to the abilities of people, especially group vulnerable and weak so that they own strength or ability in (a) fulfill need basically so that they own freedom, in the sense of not just free to put forward opinion, but free from hunger, free from stupidity, free from pain; (b) reaching sources productive that allows they to get the goods and services they provide need; and (c) participate in the development process and the decisions that influence it they (Suharto, 2014: 58).

2. Method

Study This done with purpose and objectives For describe how is the implementation process Empowerment Farmer The bearer Disability Through Growing Farmers Group Mandiri (Tuman) in Cimahi City. The community of people with disabilities who are engaged in agriculture is still small, so researchers will see the activities of disabled farmers using qualitative research methods. Where

researchers can recognize the subject, feel what the subject experiences in everyday life. Qualitative research is interpretive research (using interpretation) that involves many methods, in examining the research problem.

The use of various methods is often called triangulation - intended for researchers to gain a comprehensive (holistic) understanding of the phenomena they are studying. Conventionally, qualitative methodology tends to be associated with the researcher's desire to examine, meaning, context, and a holistic approach to phenomena. Qualitative research methods are a process of inquiry to understand a social or human problem, which is based on the creation of a holistic (whole) and complete picture formed with words, reporting the views of informants in detail, and arranged in a scientific setting. The term qualitative research according to Kirk and Miller, qualitative research originally came from qualitative observations which were contrasted with quantitative observations (Moleong, 2021).

Study with approach descriptive qualitative that is formulation guiding issues study For explore or take a picture situation social that will investigated in a way comprehensive . Qualitative approach is a research procedure that produces descriptive data in the form of written or spoken words from people and observed behavior. Focusing on social phenomena, giving voice to feelings and perceptions of participation under the study. This qualitative approach aims to obtain complete information about "Community empowerment for people with disabilities through the Tumbuh Mandiri (Tuman) farmer group DPC-PPDI Cimahi City. This approach intends to understand the phenomenon of what is experienced by the research subject such as behavior, perception, interest, motivation, action, by means of description in the form of words and language. The descriptive-qualitative research method focuses on problems based on facts carried out by means of observation, interviews, and studying documents.

Descriptive research, researchers will try to see the events that are the center of their attention, and then illustrate them as they are. In relation to this, Nana Sudjana and Ibrahim stated that descriptive research is research that tries to describe something, events, incidents that occur at the present time. In other words, descriptive research takes problems or focuses on actual problems as they exist at the time the research is conducted. Researchers use the following data collection techniques:

a. Interview (Interview)

Interview can done in a way deep in interview researcher Can get information about Topic problem researcher interview mentioned implemented in a way direct with look at advance or even in a way No direct via gadget with objective For get information and data needed by researchers. Interviews is one of the method effective data collection , where researchers can dig information in a way deep about Topic ongoing problems researched . In the interview , the researcher interact direct with Respondent through structured conversation or semi- structured , which allows researcher For to obtain better understanding in depth and detail about researched topic . Interview Can done in a way direct with look at advance or through the media not directly , such as telephone or video call application using gadgets, depending on needs and comfort second parties . The main objective from interview is For get relevant , accurate and appropriate information and data with focus research , as well as For ensure that the data obtained can give deep and comprehensive insight about ongoing problem analyzed . Interview This Can formal or informal according to with context research conducted .

a. Observation

Basically, observation is a process that uses the five senses (ears, smell, and sight) to obtain information to solve problems. Certain activities, events, objects, conditions or situations, and personal feelings are some examples of observation results. Observations are made to gain an understanding of one or more events that are relevant to answering research questions. Researchers are involved in participant observation with the daily activities of the person being observed or used as a source of research data. While making observations, researchers participate in what the data source does, and feel like what other people do. By seeing the experiences of these 47 other people, the data collected becomes more complete, sharp, and reaches the point where each observed behavior has significant meaning.

b. Document Study

ument Study is every material written or films, documents long used in study as data source because Lots matter document as data sources utilized For test,interpret even For predict (Moleong, 2021). Documentation can also defined as a data collection process with method, record, study, and utilize document or

data that has been duplicated by the organization or institution and which becomes source research. Sources that can be used in writing this thesis proposal include letters, archives, reports, notes, and other reading materials or libraries (Sugiyono, 2023)

3. Results and Discussion

Growing Farmers Group Independent (Tuman) is A group formed by the DPC- PPDI Cimahi City in 2020. Formation group This aiming For become receptacle empowerment for sufferer disability through various programs and activities agriculture. After through stage planning and formation, groups farmer This official inaugurated on May 22, 2021 through agreement Work same. Land used by the group farmer This previously is owned by (the late) Prof. Salamun, who later diverted work by group farmer Grow Independent For managed in a way productive. Group farmer This present as solution for sufferer disabilities so that they can to obtain opportunity work and improve skills in field agriculture. With existence group this, its members get chance For Study farming, managing land, and develop results valuable agriculture economical. This is become part from effort empowerment so that people with disabilities disability can more independent in a way financial as well as own role active in sector agriculture.

Various programs and activities has designed For support objective group farmer This. Some of them is training technique farming, cultivation plant food and horticulture, as well as management results agriculture. In addition, the group this also develops system agriculture sustainable with approach friendly environment. With existence training and mentoring in a way

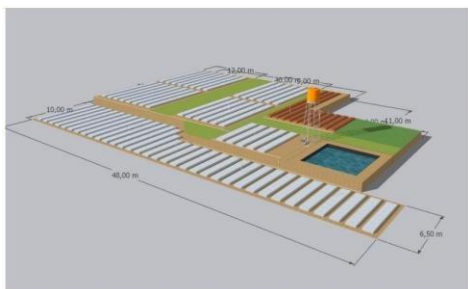
Apart from the aspects economy, group farmer Grow Mandiri also works as receptacle social for the disabled disability. Through group this, they can build network social, work same, and mutual support One each other. This is play a role important in increase trust self as well as provide a sense of togetherness among members. In the long term long, expected group farmer. This can become a model of empowerment that can adopted by other areas for increase welfare sufferer disability through sector agriculture.

Cimahi City as the initiating party formation group farmer This Keep going give support for the group This can develop

optimally. The support provided covering mentoring in management land, aid tool agriculture, as well as access towards the market for market results agriculture produced by the group. With existence ongoing support, group farmer Grow Independent can Keep going grow and give benefit for its members.

With concept based empowerment and independence, groups farmer This prove that sufferer disability own potential big For contribute in field agriculture. The existence of group This No only help increase level the lives of its members, but also become inspiration for public wide that limitations physique is not obstacle For work and contribute in field economy. In the future, the group farmer Grow Independent make an effort For Keep going expand reach and introduce innovation in sector agriculture. With support various parties, it is expected group This can become example success in empowerment sufferer disability through agriculture, as well as Keep going give impact positive for the surrounding community. The Independent Farmers Group (Tuman) is an agricultural community whose members are people with disabilities, with the majority of its members consisting of people with physical disabilities and deafness. This group was formed by the Cimahi City Branch of the Indonesian Disability Association (DPC-PPDI) as part of an initiative to create business opportunities and empower people with disabilities in the food security sector. This program not only aims to improve agricultural skills for its members, but also opens access to economic independence and improves their overall welfare. As an inclusive farmer group, Tuman is here to provide a forum for people with disabilities to develop their potential in agriculture without experiencing social or physical barriers. Through various training, mentoring, and support from various parties, this group strives to create a sustainable agricultural system by utilizing disability-friendly technology and methods.

In addition, the activities carried out by this group do not only focus on agricultural production, but also include marketing and distribution aspects, so that members can feel broader economic benefits. The existence of the Independent Farmers Group (Tuman) is expected to inspire the wider community about the importance of inclusivity in the business world, especially in the agricultural sector. With this group, people with disabilities can be more confident, have equal opportunities in the world of work, and are able to play an active role in community development. In addition, this program also functions as an educational event for the general public to be more concerned and understand that people with disabilities have the same ability to contribute in various areas of life.



Land Area of the Independent Growing Farmers Group (Tuman)

The following are some programs implemented by the Tumbuh Mandiri farmer group:

a. Management Program Arrangement Planting

Improvement Farming Skills for The bearer Disability in Farmers Group Grows Independent (Tuman) The bearer integrated disability in Growing Farmers Group Independent (Tuman) requires good skills in plant vegetables and fruit to get produce harvest quality . Ability Good and proper farming has a big influence to productivity land as well as quality results the resulting crops . Therefore that , an educational program is needed that is not only give understanding in a way theory , but also through practice direct . For realize matter said , socialization and training programs agriculture for group farmer Grow Independent implemented with support from the Food and Agriculture Service of Cimahi City . This program aiming For equip member group farmer with skills base in match plant , start from technique sowing seeds , planting in the field , until method harvesting properly and correctly . With existence mentoring direct from service related , group farmer This get more guidance directed so that capable manage land agriculture optimally .

Socialization in this program packed in form easy education understood by the members group farmers , especially for sufferer disability . The material provided covers various aspect agriculture , such as election seed superior , technique processing good soil , system efficient irrigation , up to prevention pests and diseases plants . After session education , participants will direct to practice techniques that have been studied in the field . With method learning direct like this , member group farmer more easy understand and apply technique proper farming . In addition to providing skills basic this program also becomes step beginning for group

farmer For more independent in manage land them . With guidance from the Food and Agriculture Service of Cimahi City , the group farmer Grow Independent no only get knowledge about agriculture, but also understanding about method increase results more harvest quality . This is Of course influential to price sell product agriculture produced , so can increase welfare of members group farmer .

The existence of this program is very useful for group farmer Grow Independent Because give outlook new as well as increase skills they in farming . The people with integrated disability in group This get chance For learn and develop , so they can more believe self in operate activity agriculture . With increasing skills farming , it is expected they capable process land with more good and productive product more agriculture superior. Education and socialization programs this also becomes form attention from government area to group farmers whose members are sufferer disability . With existence ongoing assistance , it is hoped group farmer Grow Independent can the more grow and become example success for group farmer others . In addition , this program also opens opportunity for group farmer For to weave Work The same with various parties , including sector private sector that has concern to empowerment sufferer disability in the field agriculture . In general Overall , this program is step very important basis for group farmer Grow Independent . With supplies knowledge and skills provided , they can more independent in manage agriculture as well as increase quality life they through business productive and sustainable farming .

In general, this program is a very fundamental initial step for the Tumbuh Mandiri farmer group in building a strong foundation for the sustainability of their agricultural business. This program not only functions as a learning tool, but also as a real form of empowering group members, especially people with disabilities, so that they can have sufficient skills to manage agriculture independently and professionally. Through various trainings provided, members of the farmer group gain a deep understanding of good farming techniques, starting from the land preparation stage, selecting superior seeds, efficient planting methods, to how to care for and harvest agricultural products optimally. In addition, this program also covers aspects of marketing and distribution of agricultural products.

Optimizing resilience food specifically For sufferer disability group farmer Grow Independent (Tuman) requires skills in plant vegetable and also fruits with good and correct so that the quality results farmer more good . The program is in the form of education packaged in a socialization and continued with direct practice of sowing techniques, planting in the field, and harvesting. This program is implemented together with the Cimahi City Food and Agriculture Service, which is also a companion for the Tumbuh Mandiri (Tuman) farmer group, as well as a form of basic steps provided for this farmer group. This program is a very beneficial program for the Tumbuh Mandiri (Tuman) farmer group, because they get more farming knowledge.

a. Pest Prevention Program

Pest prevention is very important for the growth of vegetables, fruits, and other plants, because it can cause damage to the plants that will be produced. This socialization program aims to educate the Tumbuh Mandiri (Tuman) farmer group to implement its practices in improving the quality of the harvest, so that it can affect the selling price. This program is implemented together with the Cimahi City Food and Agriculture Service and assistance from CSR. Pest Prevention pest is aspect important in growth vegetables , fruits and plants others . Attacks pest can cause significant damage to the plants , so that lower results harvest and quality the products produced . Therefore that , effort prevention must done in a way effective for plants can grow optimally and produce quality products tall .

In order to increase understanding and skills farmer about prevention pests , socialization program has implemented with objective to educate group farmer Grow Independent (Tuman). This program aiming For give outlook to farmer about various techniques and strategies in control pest in a way effective , so that results the harvest obtained can more quality and value sell high . With results more agriculture good , farmer can to obtain more benefits big as well as increase welfare they . Apart from getting help from service related , this program also gets support from the Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) program from various company . This CSR assistance in the form of provision tools and materials For control pests , such as trap insects , pesticides vegetable , as well as fertilizer organic that can help plant grow more strong and durable to pests .

Support from this CSR program it is very helpful group farmer Grow Independent in apply the science that has they get during socialization . With existence help this , farmer can direct to practice technique prevention more pests effective , without must burdened by costs addition For buy tools and materials needed .

b. Millennial Farmer Program (West Java)

This program is an idea by Governor Ridwan Kamil which is expected to attract the interest of the younger generation. And with the help of the Cimahi City Food and Agriculture Service, several members of the Tumbuh Mandiri (Tuman) farmer group were successfully involved in this program. This program does not discriminate against a group and class, and is friendly to the disabled.

c. Clean Water Program

This program is results Work The same between Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) and groups farmer Grow Independent (Tuman) in effort increase quality agriculture managed by the people disability . One of the form support provided is facility in the form of means For support activity agriculture. Wrong One facility the main thing that is realized in this program is construction of drilled water in the garden area . The existence of drilled water is very important for group farmer Because functioning For repair the quality of water used in activity agriculture . With existence more water sources clean and stable , watering process plant can done with more well , so support growth more vegetables and fruits Healthy as well as quality high . The implementation of this program involving various parties , including power expert in making well drill and mentoring technical from the Food and Agriculture Service of Cimahi City . With existence more water sources good , group farmer can more independent in manage agriculture they . This program No only help increase results harvest , but also support sustainability business farming run by groups farmer Grow Independent . This program not only contributes to increasing harvest yields with better quality, but also has a long-term impact in maintaining the sustainability of agricultural businesses run by the group especially in the farming disability group.

d. Activities: Planting vegetables and fruit

The assistance provided in the form of seeds, fertilizer, was provided by the relevant agencies (Food and Agriculture Service) and CSR. The Tumbuh Mandiri (Tuman) Farmers Group planted vegetables and fruit in the form of pak choy, cabbage, cauliflower, mustard greens, lettuce, eggplant, red chilies, chilies. cayenne pepper, papaya fruit, and others.

Support program to group farmer Grow Independent (Tuman) no only in the form of water drilling facilities , but also the provision of very necessary fertilizer in the agricultural process . Fertilizer given by the agency related parties , namely the Food and Agriculture Service of Cimahi City , as well as Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) which also participated contribute in support farming managed by groups farmer This .

Fertilizer play a role important in increase fertility land as well as support growth plant optimally . With giving the right fertilizer , the results harvest can more quality and productive . The type of fertilizer given customized with need plants planted by the group farmer Grow Independent , good That fertilizer organic and also inorganic . Fertilizer organic like compost and fertilizer pen help guard balance ecosystem land , while fertilizer inorganic give required nutrients plant in time fast .

Group farmer Grow Independent plant various type vegetables and fruits , such as pak choy , cabbage , flower cabbage , mustard greens , lettuce , eggplant , chili red , chili cayenne pepper , and papaya . With existence support sufficient fertilizer , growth plant can more optimal, so that group farmer can produce more harvest quality . In addition to improving productivity agriculture , aid fertilizer this also helps increase income group farmer , because results more harvest Good own mark sell more high . Support This be one of step important in increase independence group farmer sufferer disability.

e. Activity Packing and sales

This activity is dominated by women with physical disabilities, because the difficulty of mobility does not make them give up, because they will work together in *packing activities* , weighing the harvest, and marketing on social media. While others will make sales to the market, or individual consumers. The results of interviews with informants PD, HS, and LK as people with disabilities who joined the Tumbuh Mandiri

(TUMAN) farmer group, all three felt capable of meeting their daily needs, although in meeting them they did not use all the proceeds from the sale of agricultural products, PD explained that *"Not enough but enough to add to food"* (Informant 01 PD).



Figure 1. informant 01 PD

Next, informant HS also gave a similar statement, *"Not all of the agricultural produce, at most for additional cultivation"* (Informant 02 HS) .



Figure 2. Informant 03 HS

LK also felt the same way that this farming income could be an additional cost in meeting daily needs, *" Wow, I don't think so, but I don't know "* (Informant 03 LK). LK even did not feel that farming income could be used for daily needs.



Figure 3. Informant 03 LK

The statement above can be concluded that their basic needs have been met but not from the results of agricultural sales but they have indeed had their basic needs met. And this

empowerment is a means of developing potential and skills.

In addition, in reaching productive resources such as natural resources, human resources, technological resources, they have been able to reach them well, although adjustments need to be made to the limitations they have.

This was validated by informant EA as part of the DPC-PPDI of Cimahi City who said that productive sources were already accessible, but he expressed his doubts about human resources *"Regarding human resources, maybe the membership in Tuman. Alhamdulillah, until now there are those who are consistent in Tuman. But, it is very true that the involvement of Tuman members is slowly decreasing day by day, yes"* (Information 04 EA).



Figure 4. Informant 04 EA

As for the response from N as part from the Food and Agriculture Service of Cimahi City , who also conveyed similar things that source Power man Not yet become easy thing reachable , as he said *" Its members That it seems like not enough But a number of consistent "* (Informant 05 N).



Figure 5. Informant 05 N

Furthermore, related to participation in development felt by each individual such as getting a new social environment, and getting new skills and experiences. As for participation in decision-making, of course as an organization, it must open up wide discussion spaces for its members, as is done by the Tumbuh Mandiri Farmers Group (TUMAN) which always involves its members in making decisions. In

empowerment This Of course existence factor supporters and inhibitors , also explained by the informant that There is factor Supporter in empowerment This that is creation environment good social , cooperative, and prioritizes mutual cooperation, as well as existence support from agencies and organizations in give help and service social . However , there are also factors inhibitor in empowerment This that is access mobility that is not friendly for sufferer disability like for example road access going to garden damaged . The inhibiting factors that according to informants are very inhibiting the empowerment process are the decreasing participation of members.

4. Conclusion

Based on results study quality through interview observation and study document related with empowerment community for people with disabilities disability so can with drawn conclusion as following:

1. People with disabilities who are members of the Tumbuh Mandiri (TUMAN) farmer group feel that their basic needs such as food, clothing and shelter have been met even though they do not rely on the proceeds from agricultural sales. The productive resources referred to in community empowerment are aimed at increasing income and participating in the development process. These productive resources consist of natural resources, human resources, technology, and institutional management capabilities These resources consist of Natural Resources, Human Resources, Resources, Technology, Institutional Management Among the productive resources that can be reached, human resources are a productive resource that is less than optimal in its utilization, due to the inactive participation of members.
2. People with disabilities in the Tumbuh Mandiri (TUMAN) farmer group feel that they have participated in development (social change) and also participated in decision-making, such as taking part in conveying opinions, ideas and concepts.
3. There are several supporting factors that contribute to the sustainability of empowerment efforts, such as a positive social environment and strong support from organizations or agencies. These factors play a crucial role in ensuring that the empowerment program continues to function effectively over time.

4. There are several supporting factors that contribute to the sustainability of empowerment efforts, such as a positive social environment and strong support from organizations or agencies. These factors play a crucial role in ensuring that the empowerment program continues to function effectively over time. However, despite these advantages, there are also inhibiting factors that pose significant challenges. Limited mobility access and declining member participation are among the key obstacles. The economic conditions faced by many members often force them to seek alternative job opportunities that provide higher wages and better financial stability. As a result, their involvement in the empowerment program gradually decreases, affecting the overall success and continuity of the initiative.
5. Implications practical in involvement worker social in empowerment community for people with disabilities disability through group farmer Grow Independent DPC-PPDI Cimahi City is that worker social This own not quite enough answer For help in give help and also service social in empowering sufferer integrated disability in group farmer This can functioning in a way social . Covers interventions provided through series empowerment community , training specifically in field agriculture , help connecting to sources more productive support empowerment , ensuring sufferer integrated disability in group farmer This can fulfil need basic , and participate in development and manufacture decision , besides that , the existence help more laws clear . Then, theoretically, the involvement of social workers in community empowerment for people with disabilities illustrates the application of the concept and principles of social welfare science in practice in the field. By playing the role of *enabler, broker, advocate*, motivator, facilitator. that social workers as a profession can help in meeting the needs of the Tumbuh Mandiri (Tuman) farmer group.

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